

Safety Data Sheet

according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH) Classifications according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008. Printdate 16 Aug 2022

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product name:

Difluoroacetic acid

1.1. Catalog No.:

677297

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture

Identified: Laboratory chemical uses: R&D

uses:

1.3. Uses advised against:

HPC Standards GmbH Am Wieseneck 7

04451 Cunnersdorf Deutschland

Tel. +49 34291 3372-36 Fax. +49 34291 3372-39 contact@hpc-standards.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

HPC Standards Tel. +49 34291 3372-36 This number is only available during office hours.

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture
Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [EU-GHS/CLP]
Skin corrosion (Category 1B)
Classification according to EU Directives 67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC
Causes burns.

2.2. Label elements

2.2.1. Pictogram



2.2.2.

Labelling according Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP] Pictogram Signal word Danger Hazard statement(s) H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.



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Precautionary statement(s)
P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face

protection.
P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician.

Supplemental Hazard Statements

None According to European Directive 67/548/EEC as amended. Hazard symbol(s) R-phrase(s)

R34 Causes burns.

S-phrase(s)
S26 In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and

seek medical advice.

\$36/37/39 Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves and eye/face protection. \$45 In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label where possible). 2.3 Other hazards

Lachrymator.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substances

Formula : C2H2F2O2 Molecular Weight : 96,03 g/mol Component Concentration

Difluoroacetic acid CAS-No. EC-No. 381-73-7 206-839-0

3.1.1. Formula

C2H2F2O2

3.1.2. Molecular Weight (g/mol)

96.03



3.1.3. CAS-No.

381-73-7

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice Consult a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

If breathed in, move person into fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Consult a physician.

In case of skin contact

Take off contaminated clothing and shoes immediately. Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Consult a physician. In case of eye contact

Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes and consult a physician.

If swallowed
Do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth with water. Consult a physician.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Material is extremely destructive to tissue of the mucous membranes and upper respiratory tract, eyes, and skin., spasm, inflammation and edema of the larynx, spasm, inflammation and edema of the bronchi, pneumonitis, pulmonary edema, burning sensation, Cough, wheezing, laryngitis, Shortness of breath, Headache, Nausea

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed no data available

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media
Suitable extinguishing media
For small (incipient) fires, use media such as "alcohol" foam, dry chemical, or carbon dioxide. For large fires, apply water from as far as possible. Use very large quantities (flooding) of water applied as a mist or spray; solid streams of water may be ineffective. Cool all affected containers with flooding quantities of water.

Carbon oxides, Hydrogen fluoride
5.3 Advice for firefighters
Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary.

5.4 Further information

Use water spray to cool unopened containers

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
Use personal protective equipment. Avoid breathing vapors, mist or gas. Ensure adequate ventilation.
Remove all sources of ignition. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Beware of vapours accumulating to form explosive concentrations. Vapours can accumulate in low areas.

6.2 Environmental precautions

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up



Contain spillage, and then collect with an electrically protected vacuum cleaner or by wet-brushing and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

6.4 Reference to other sections For disposal see section 13

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist.
Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.Take measures to prevent the build up of electrostatic

charge.
7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
Store in cool place. Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

7.3 Specific end use(s) no data available

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

Components with workplace control parameters

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.
Personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection
Tightly fitting safety goggles. Faceshield (8-inch minimum). Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU).

166(EU). Skin protection Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands. Body Protection Complete suit protecting against chemicals, The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace. Respiratory protection

Respiratory protection
Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate use a full-face respirator with multi-purpose combination (US) or type ABEK (EN 14387) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. If the respirator is the sole means of protection, use a full-face supplied air respirator. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU).

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties a) Appearance Form: clear, liquid Colour: light yellow



b) Odour no data available

Odour Threshold no data available

pH no data available e) Melting point/freezing

point
Melting point/range: -1 °C - lit.
f) Initial boiling point and

h) Iffilial boiling point and boiling range 132 - 134 °C - lit.
g) Flash point 78 °C - closed cup h) Evaporation rate no data available i) Flammability (solid, gas) no data available ii) Flammability (solid, gas) no data

Upper/lower j) Upper/lowe. flammability or

explosive limits

no data available
k) Vapour pressure no data available
l) Vapour density no data available
m) Relative density 1,526 g/cm3 at 25 °C
n) Water solubility no data available
o) Partition coefficient: noctanol/
water

water
no data available
p) Auto-ignition
temperature
no data available
q) Decomposition
temperature
no data available
r) Viscosity no data available
s) Explosive properties no data available
t) Oxidizing properties no data available

t) Oxidizing properties no data available 9.2 Other safety information

no data available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

10.1 Reactivity
no data available 10.2 Chemical stability
no data available
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions
no data available
10.4 Conditions to avoid
Heat, flames and sparks.
10.5 Incompatible materials
Strong oxidizing agentsStrong oxidizing agents, Strong bases
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products
Other decomposition products - no data available

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects Acute toxicity no data available Skin corrosion/irritation no data available Serious eye damage/eye irritation no data available Respiratory or skin sensitization no data available



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Germ cell mutagenicity no data available Carcinogenicity

IARC: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC. Reproductive toxicity

no data available

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

no data available

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

no data available Aspiration hazard no data available

Potential health effects

Inhalation May be harmful if inhaled. Material is extremely destructive to the tissue of

the mucous membranes and upper respiratory tract.
Ingestion May be harmful if swallowed. Causes burns.
Skin May be harmful if absorbed through skin. Causes skin burns.

SKIN May be narmful if absorbed through skin. Causes skin burns.

Eyes Causes eye burns Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Material is extremely destructive to tissue of the mucous membranes and upper respiratory tract, eyes, and skin., spasm, inflammation and edema of the larynx, spasm, inflammation and edema of the bronchi, pneumonitis, pulmonary edema, burning sensation, Cough, wheezing, laryngitis, Shortness of breath, Headache, Nausea

Additional Information

RTECS: AG9900000

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity no data available
12.2 Persistence and degradability no data available 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential no data available 12.4 Mobility in soil no data available 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment no data available 12.6 Other adverse effects no data available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

This combustible material may be burned in a chemical incinerator equipped with an afterburner and scrubber. Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company. Contact a licensed professional waste disposal service to dispose of this material. Contaminated packaging

Dispose of as unused product.



14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

14.1 UN number
ADR/RID: 3265 IMDG: 3265 IATA: 3265
14.2 UN proper shipping name
ADR/RID: CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, ORGANIC, N.O.S. (Difluoroacetic acid)
IMDG: CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, ORGANIC, N.O.S. (Difluoroacetic acid)
IATA: Corrosive liquid, acidic, organic, n.o.s. (Difluoroacetic acid)
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)
ADR/RID: 8 IMDG: 8 IATA: 8
14.4 Packaging group
ADR/RID: II IMDG: II IATA: II
14.5 Environmental hazards
ADR/RID: no IMDG Marine Pollutant: no IATA: no
14.6 Special precautions for user
no data available

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

This safety datasheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006. 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture no data available 15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment no data available

16. OTHER INFORMATION

The above information is believed to be correct but does not purport to be all inclusive and shall be used only as a guide. The information in this document is based on the present state of our knowledge and is applicable to the product with regard to appropriate safety precautions. It does not represent any guarantee of the properties of the product. For lab use only!